

## Conversion Tables and Useful Calculations

### Fluid Flow - To Convert

m <sup>3</sup> /min	to	US Gall/min	Multiply By	264
Tonnes/hr	to	m <sup>3</sup> /hr	Multiply By	(1.0/Specific Gravity)
Kg/sec	to	m <sup>3</sup> /hr	Multiply By	(3.6/Specific Gravity)
m <sup>3</sup> /hr	to	I/hr	Multiply By	1000
m <sup>3</sup> /hr	to	Gall/min	Multiply By	3.66
I/sec	to	Gall/min	Multiply By	13.2
ft <sup>3</sup> /min	to	I/sec	Multiply By	2.12

### Air Flow - To Convert

Cfm	to	m <sup>3</sup> /hr	Multiply By	1.7
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### Heat Duty -To Convert

kW	to	BTU	Multiply By	3412
Ton Cooling	to	kW	Multiply By	3.5
kW	to	Kcal/hr	Multiply By	860

### Temperature - To Convert

°F	to	°C	Subtract 32 then Multiply By 0.55
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### Pressure - To Convert

Bar	to	Ib/in	Multiply By	14.5
Bar	to	m/water	Multiply By	10.2
Bar	to	ft/water	Multiply By	33.5
Bar	to	KPa	Multiply By	100

### To Size a Fluid Chiller:-

$$Q \text{ (Heat Load in kW)} = M \text{ (Flow in I/s)} \times Sh \text{ (Specific Heat KJ/Kg/K)} \times Sg \text{ (Specific Mass Kg/m}^3\text{)} \times \Delta T$$

(If the flow given is a Mass Flow in Kg/s, then the Sg is not required)

### To Size an Air Conditioning Job:-

$$Q \text{ (Heat Load in kW)} = U \text{ (U Value of Walls, Roof, Floor)} \times A \text{ (Surface Area of Walls, Roof etc in m}^2\text{)} \times \Delta T$$

### Fluid Properties - Specific Heats (KJ/Kg/K) and Specific Gravities

Sea Water	4.01	1.02	Air	1.00	1.00
30% Ethylene Glycol	3.70	1.04	Milk	3.77	1.02
30% Propylene Glycol	3.90	1.03	Whisky	4.18	0.79
30% Hydrochloric Acid	2.66	1.16	Fruit Juice	3.73	1.02
30% Sulphuric Acid	4.19	1.00	Beer	3.75	1.06
Diesel Fuel	1.89	0.95	Typical HT Fluids	1.55	0.93